Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form Survey No. B-4799 1. Name Historic 2101 – 2123 Moyer Street and / common 2. Location street & number 2101 – 2123 Moyer Street city, town Baltimore state & zip code Maryland 21231 county

3. Classificat	tion 21231	county		
Categorydistrict X building(s)structuresiteobject	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status X occupiedunoccupiedwork in progress Accessible X yes: restrictedyes: unrestrictedno	Present Useagriculturecommercialeducationalentertainmentgovernmentindustrialmilitary	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of	Property			

street & number	telephone
city, town	state & zip code

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Baltimore City Land Records		liber			
street & num	nber	Clarence Mitchell Courthouse			folio
city, town	Baltimore		State	Maryland	

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title				
date	federal	state	county	local
depository for survey records				
city, town		state & zip code		

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B-4799

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7	Des	OPT	nti	nn
/ -				

Condition		Check One	Check One
excellent _x good _ fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	${X}$ unaltered altered	X original site moved: date of move:

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This row of twelve two-story, two-bay wide late Italianate-style brick houses with shed roofs and wooden scroll-sawn bracketed cornices were built in the late 1880s. About half of the houses retain their original brick facades, which were originally painted; the rest have been covered with formstone.

The houses are two stories in height, 12'6" wide and occupy lots 52'9" deep. Each house is only two rooms deep and there is no backbuilding. The houses are constructed in running bond and were originally painted. Each house has a single hooded chimney located at the rear corner of the house. The shed roofs are capped by a continuous wooden cornice consisting of a crown molding decorated by a cut-work band and supported by three long scroll-sawn brackets decorated with grooves, connected by a lower molding strip, and ending with a distinct trefoil pattern. The frieze panel, which also serves as ventilation for the attic, is decorated with a row of butterfly-like shapes, created with a jig saw.

The door openings have segmentally arched brick lintels and plain tympanums while the tall, narrow window openings have splayed brick lintels, an unusual combination. No original 2/2 sash survive and all windows are filled with 1/1 replacement sash. The sills are wood. Doorways have a single-light transom but no original doors remain. The houses sit on low basements, lit by a single-light sash. Each house is reached by one or two brick or concrete steps.

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8. Significance

Period	Area of significance	check one & justify		
prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 1900	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	X community planningconservationeconomicseducationengineeringexplorationindustryinvention	landscape architecturelawliteraturemilitarymusicphilosophypolitics/government	religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theatre transportation other: specify
Specific dates	с. 1888		Builder/Architect	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This group of late-Italianate-style houses is significant in that it represents the level of architectural stylishness achieved by many builders of small street houses in the late nineteenth century.

The houses were built according to a pattern that was quite common to the city's working class neighborhoods of the period 1870 to 1910. Recognizing that workers held different levels of jobs (and pay), builders created a hierarchy of house sizes (and prices) in the new neighborhoods going up to serve the expanding factory districts ringing the harbor and northeast of the central city. Builders acquired anywhere from an eighth to a half of a city block and built 14' to 15'-wide two-story houses on the main streets, and smaller, 11' to 13'-wide two-story houses on the narrower streets bisecting the blocks. Typically, in this period, main street houses might sell for \$1,200 to \$1,500; small street houses for \$700 - \$900. Occasionally, the builder retained ownership of his small street houses to provide income for himself as rental properties. In this way people of varying means could afford to live in the same block. If they couldn't afford the approximately \$750 purchase price of the small street houses, then they *could* afford the \$8 or so a month it would cost to rent one, while they saved to be able to buy their own home later.

The land on which these houses are built originally belonged to the Patterson family as part of their 18th century estate, which also included the land given by the family to the city for Patterson Park. In the 1870s and 1880s the Patterson heirs began developing this block by leasing parcels to various builders who constructed modestly-scaled and priced housing for the mainly German immigrant families who were settling near the port-related industries of Canton. Most of the houses sold to mainly German-American semi-skilled tradesmen and laborers employed in nearby factories, who received mortgages from a variety of local building and loans, many of them sponsored by the German community.

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9. Major Bibliographic References

Mary Ellen Hayward and Charles Belfoure, *The Baltimore Rowhouse* (New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 1999)

10. Geographic Data

Quadrangle name	
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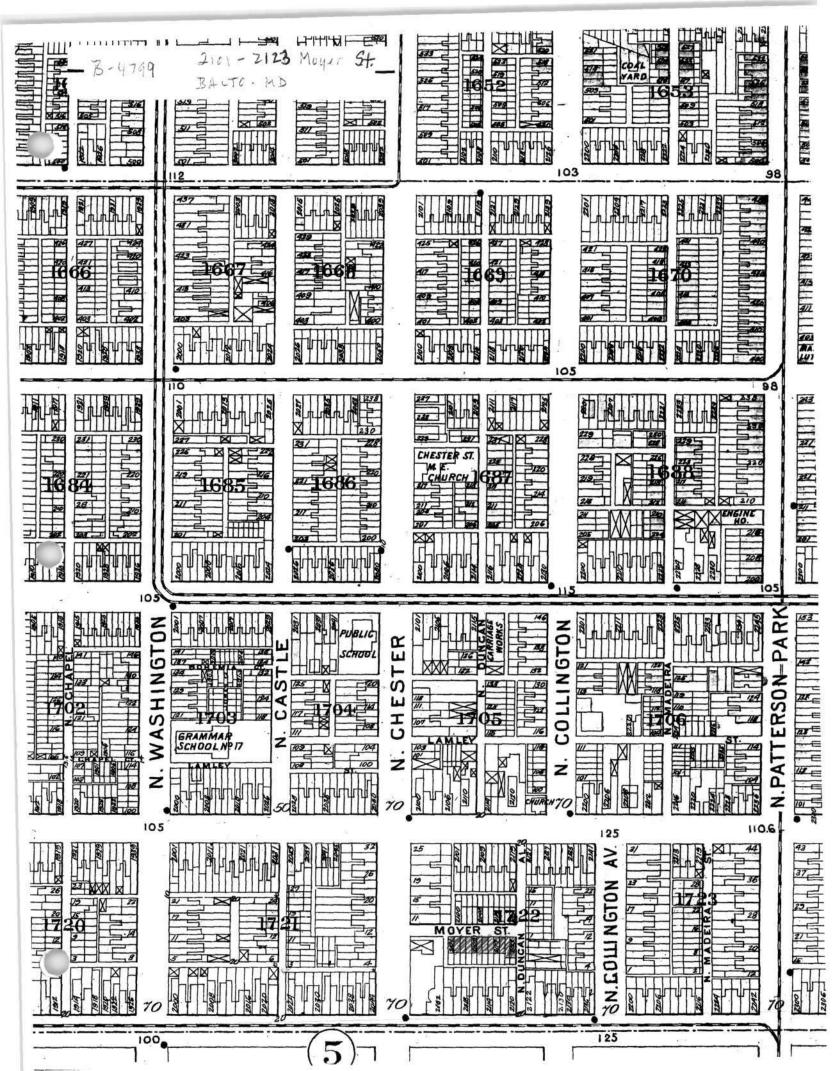
11. Form Prepared by

name / title Dr	. Mary Ellen Hayward			
Organization T	he Alley House Project	date		
street & number	1306 Carrollton Ave.	telephone		
city, town	Baltimore	state & zip code	Maryland	21204

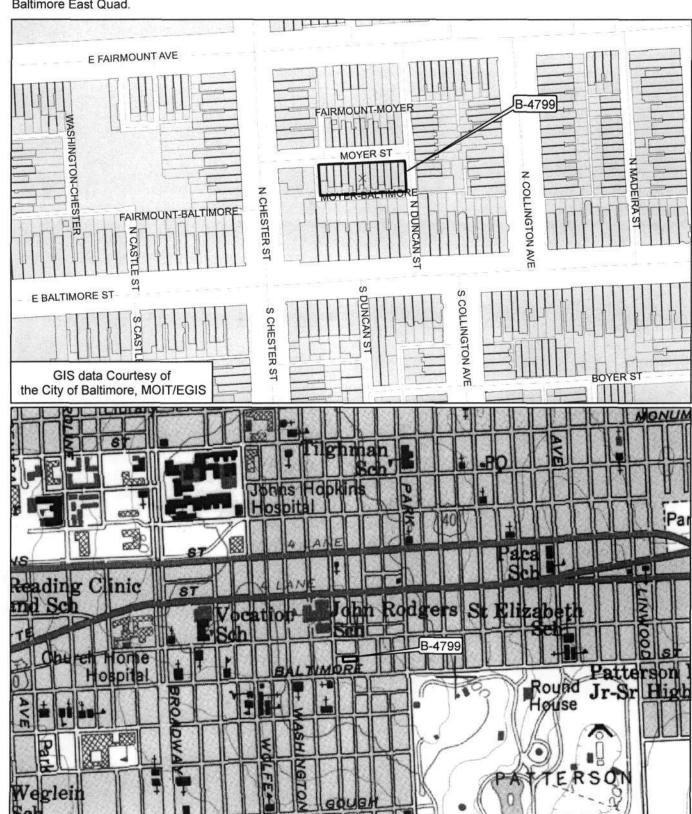
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Coe Maryland, Article 41, section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of pro rights.

Return to: DHCP/DHCD Maryland Historical Trust 100 Community Place Crownsville MD 21032-2023



B-4799 2101-2123 Moyer Street Block 1722, Lots 060-071 Baltimore City Baltimore East Quad.





2101-2123 Moyer B-4799
2101-2123 Moyer St.

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C. Ellfune
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2103 Moyer St.

2103 Moyer St.

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